Investor Event

2024 American Urological Association Annual Meeting

May 3, 2024



Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation and accompanying oral presentation contain "forw ard-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including the expected financial results of PROCEPT BioRobotics Corporation (the "Company"). Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "projects," "anticipates," and "future" or similar expressions are intended to identify forw ard-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements made by us in this presentation speaks only as of the date on which it was made and are based on management's current expectations of future events, assumptions, estimates, and beliefs, and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those set forthin or implied by such forw ard-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forw ard-looking statements include, among others: (i) the rate and degree of market acceptance of the AQUABEAM Robotic System and Aquablation therapy and descriptions of the Company's revenues, gross margin, profitability, operating expenses, or installed base grow th, (ii) the establishment and maintenance of consistent and favorable payment policies for Aquablation therapy, (iii) the rate of grow th of the commercial sales and marketing organization and the ability to manage this anticipated grow th, (iv) the impact on volumes of elective procedures performed by health care providers and hospital medical device budgets, (v) the effects of increased competition as well as innovations by new and existing competitors in the market for treatments for benign prostatic hyperplasia, (vi) the ability to obtain the required regulatory approvals and clearances to market and sell the AQUABEAM Robotic System in certain other countries, (vii) the development and protection of future innovation, (viii) dependence on a limited number of third-party suppliers for components of the AQUABEAM Robotic System in certain

This presentation and the accompanying oral presentation also contain estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and grow thand other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions, and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we compete are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in this presentation can be found in the Risk Factors section of the Company's public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 28, 2024 and any current and periodic reports filed thereafter, available at www.sec.gov.

Because forw ard-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, you should not rely on these forw ard-looking statements as predictions of future events. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forw ard-looking statements. Except to the extent required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update or review any estimate, projection, or forw ard-looking statement. Actual results may differ from those set forth in this presentation due to the risks and uncertainties inherent in the Company's business. In light of the foregoing, investors are urged not to rely on any forw ard-looking statement or third-party data in reaching any conclusion or making any investment decision about any securities of the Company.

This presentation regarding the Company shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities, nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any state or jurisdiction in w hich such offer, solicitation or sale w ould be unlaw ful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state or jurisdiction. Sales and offers to sell PROCEPT BioRobotics securities will only be made in accordance with the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and applicable SEC regulations, including prospectus requirements.







Financial Review

Kevin Waters, CFO





Commercial Update

Sham Shiblaq, Chief Commercial Officer



Georgia Urology Experience

Dr. Lewis Kriteman



BPH + Prostate Cancer Clinical Update

Dr. Brian Helfand



Prostate Cancer Fireside Chat

Dr. Inderbir Gill + Barry Templin, EVP, Technology & Clinical Development



New Age of Innovation & Market Expansion

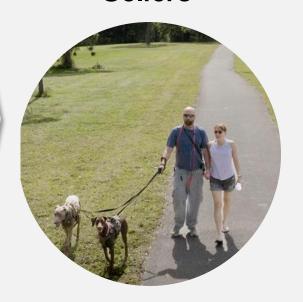
Mission

Revolutionize BPH treatment to improve patient lives

Vision

Become a Leading
Global Urology
Company

Patient First Culture









Sustainable High Growth



Expansion into Adjacent Urology Market

Current Treatment Challenges

BPH

Patients forced to make tradeoff between safety & efficacy

Surgeon skill can vary widely

Treatment options depend on prostate size



Prostate Cancer

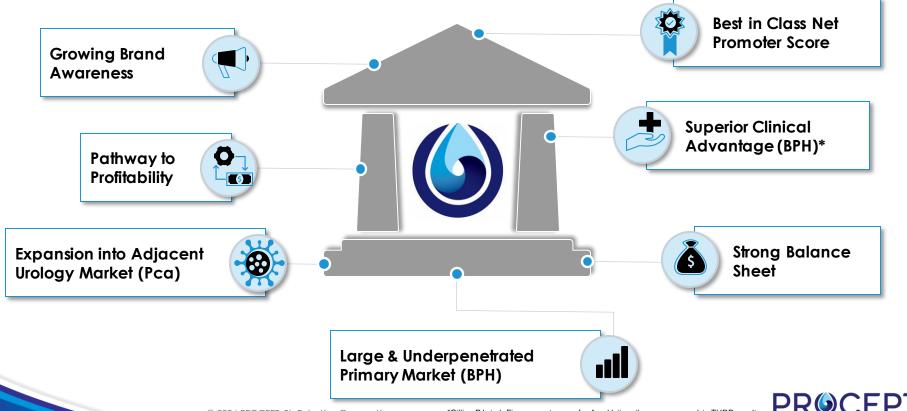
Patients forced to make tradeoff between safety & efficacy

Treatment options have high rates of morbidity (especially compared to BPH treatments)

Many men suffer from both BPH and Prostate Cancer



Strong Foundation for Continued Success





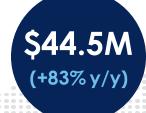


FINANCIAL REVIEW

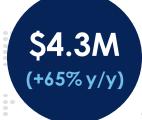
KEVIN WATERS Chief Financial Officer



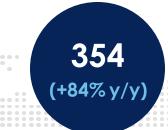
1Q24 Revenue Recap



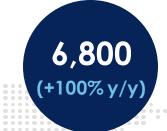
Global Revenue



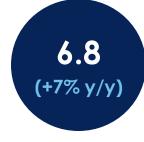
International Revenue



U.S. Install Base



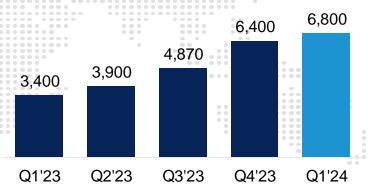
U.S. Handpieces Sold



U.S. Monthly Utilization



U.S. Systems Sold





Leveraging Fixed Cost Infrastructure

New Headquarters

San Jose, CA (160,000 Sq Ft)

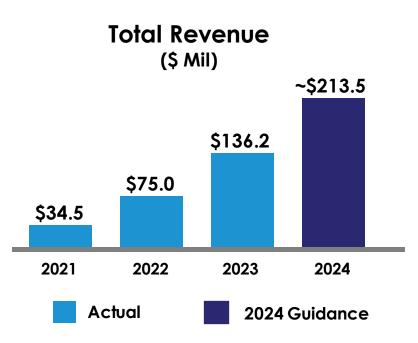


Future Drivers of Gross Margin Expansion

- Leverage fixed cost infrastructure with revenue growth
- Improved efficiencies leading to lower scrap and improved yield



2024 Financial Guidance



	Actual 2023	Guidance FY24 ¹
Revenue	\$136.2 million	~\$213.5 million
Revenue growth (y/y)	82%	~57%
Gross Margin	52 %	~58% to 59%
Operating Expenses	\$180.2 million ²	~\$231.5 million³
Revenue : OPEX Growth Ratio	1.5x	~2.0x
Adjusted EBITDA Loss	\$86.5 million ⁴	~\$70.0 million⁴

TOTAL CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE OF \$226M & DEBT BALANCE OF \$52M AS OF MARCH 31, 2024

(1) 2024 financial guidance issued on May 1, 2024

(2) 2023 operating expenses included approximately \$19.1 million in stock-based compensation expense
(3) 2024 operating expense guidance includes approximately \$31.5 million in stock-based compensation expense
(4) See appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP NET
LOSS TO ADJUSTED EBITDA
(in thousands)
(unaudited)

	·····,		
_	2024	2023	
Net loss	\$ (25,957)	\$ (28,484)	
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,184	793	
Stock-based compensation expense	\$ 6,256	3,724	
Interest (income) and interest expense, net	(1,838)	49	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (20,355)	\$ (23,918)	

Three Months Ended March 31.

RECONCILIATION OF 2024 GAAP
NET LOSS TO ADJUSTED EBITDA
Guidance
(in thousands)
(unaudited)

		2024	
Net loss	\$	(100,000)	
Depreciation and amortization expense		5,645	
Stock-based compensation expense		31,500	
Interest (income) and interest expense, net		(7,145)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(70,000)	



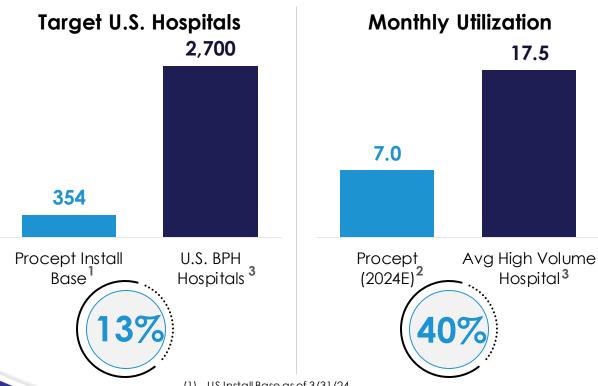


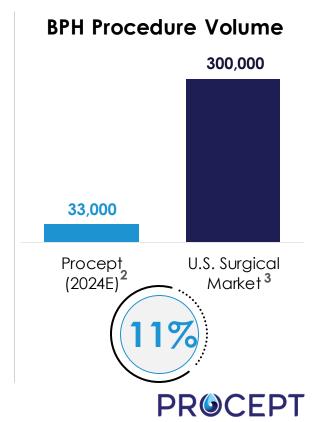
COMMERCIAL STRATEGY

SHAM SHIBLAQ
Chief Commercial Officer



BPH Market Remains Underpenetrated





- US Install Base as of 3/31/24
- Based on 2024 guidance
- Hospitals and Procedures based on 2019 market data (data on file)

Developing Winning Culture



Recruit & Develop

Hire highly experienced and tenured sales professionals



Commercial Execution

Clinical and sales excellence



Strong Partnerships

Outstanding clinical outcomes lead to increased demand



Strong Momentum to Increase Utilization

Commercial Goal: Convert all resective BPH hospital-based procedures to Aquablation Therapy

Strong Foundation for Sustainable Growth

- 1 Largest & most tenured utilization team
 - Largest & most tendred dillization team
- 2 >90% surgeon retention

- 3 Consistent & repeatable clinical outcomes
- Standardizing treatment options

Educate

Host surgeon education and training events to identify surgeon champions

Accelerate

Increase utilization by training new surgeons at active hospitals

Target

Collaborate with hospitals to develop strategies to increase local patient volumes



U.S. Capital in Position of Strength

1Q23		1Q24	
~30	Sr Capital Reps	~40	
~6 months	Sr Capital Rep Avg Tenure	~15 months	
Zero	Jr Capital Reps	<10	
Zero	Strategic Account Team	5	
Deteriorating	Capital Environment	Stable-to-Improving	
No	Signed Majority IDN Contracts	Yes	
~70%	% U.S. Covered Lives	>95%	



2024 Commercial Tailwinds

1

Improving
Hospital CAPEX
Environment



2

Largest & Most Tenured U.S. Sales Force



3

Strong & Growing U.S. Sales Funnel



4

Launching New
Accounts with
Multiple Surgeons



5

Robust Demand in United Kingdom







GEORGIA UROLOGY ADOPTION

Dr. Lewis Kriteman
Partner and Executive VP, Georgia Urology



Disclosures



Dr. Lewis Kriteman
Partner and Executive VP,
Georgia Urology

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of PROCEPT BioRobotics or its subsidiaries. No official endorsement by PROCEPT BioRobotics or any of its subsidiaries of any vendor, products or services contained in this presentation is intended or should be inferred.

An honorarium is provided by PROCEPT BioRobotics to the speakers for this presentation

Consulting disclosures: PROCEPT BioRobotics, Boston Scientific, SRS, Koelis, Laborie



Georgia Urology





AquaBeam Systems

27
Aquablation
Surgeons
(today)

960 Aquablation Volume (2023)



Challenges of Legacy Resective Procedures





Difficult & Steep Learning Curve

Optimal results depend on surgeon skill



Unpredictable Operating Room Time

Average procedure duration of medium to larger prostates can vary widely depending on patient anatomy and surgeon skill



Lack of Continuous Innovation

Resective technology is unchanged over the last decade and has not addressed clinical and procedural short comings



Failure to Preserve Sexual Function

Due to thermal energy, key anatomy is damaged by laser mechanism of action



Aquablation Therapy is <u>Easy</u> Sell to....



Patients

- Customized treatment
- Superior clinical outcomes
- Sexual function preservation
- Improved post-op recovery



Surgeons

- Consistent outcomes
- Standardization across all prostate sizes & shapes
- Retain patients that were previously referred to area specialist
- Very flat learning curve regardless of experience



Hospitals

- Operating room efficiency
- First to market strategic advantage
- Patient satisfaction metrics lead to quality improvements
- Shorter length of stay
- Innovative solution draws surgeons + patients



Dynamics Disrupting the Atlanta Market

Market Expansion

Surgeons now have viable option to offer drug failure patients

Competition from LVH¹

Low Volume BPH Hospitals who have acquired an AquaBeam System are retaining patients

Local Marketing Initiatives

Hospitals are now marketing directly to patients highlighting the benefits of Aquablation Therapy



Improved Patient Outcomes

Higher levels of patient satisfaction improve trust in healthcare providers

Standardization

Hospitals are operating more efficiently offering Aquablation Therapy to all BPH patients

Increasing Brand Awareness

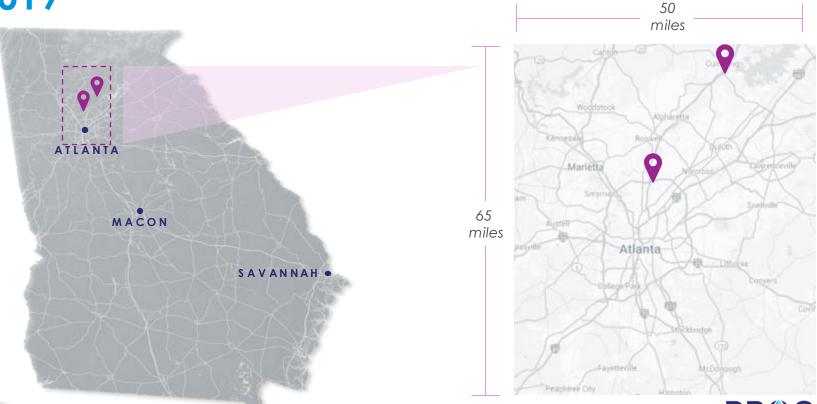
Patients are actively seeking out hospitals with AquaBeam Robot



Northern Georgia + Atlanta Market

Robot at Hospital

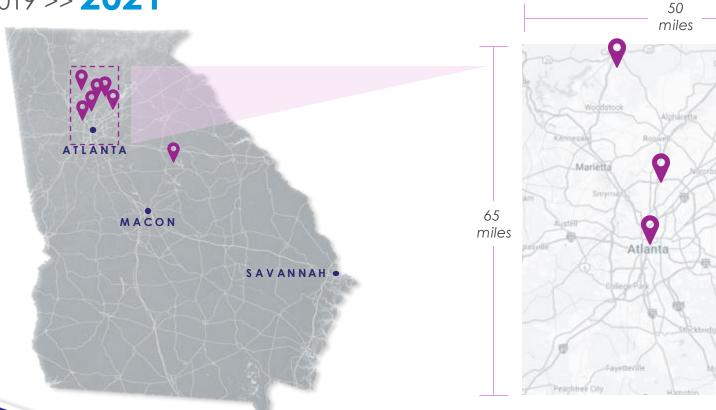
2019

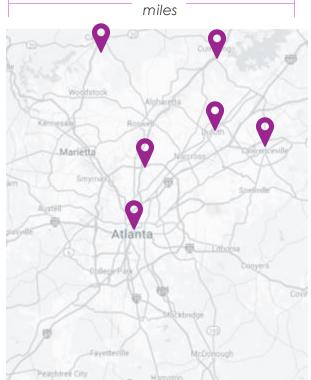


Northern Georgia + Atlanta Market

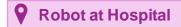
Robot at Hospital

2019 >> **2021**



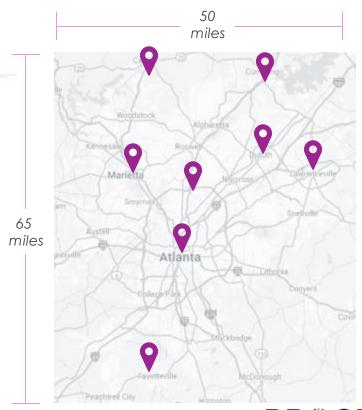


Northern Georgia + Atlanta Market



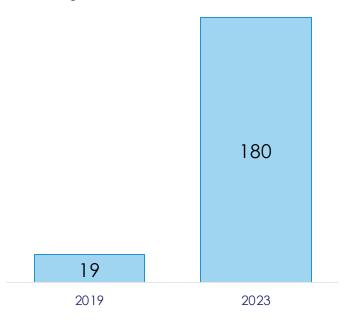
2019 >> 2021 >> **TODAY** (15 total)





Aquablation Therapy is Expanding the Market

Dr. Kriteman Aquablation Procedures



Aquablation Therapy cases have increased 9.5x since 2019

Averaging 15 monthly procedures in 2023

Total BPH procedures has grown significantly since 2019.

- Resective procedures are biggest growth driver
- Non-Resective procedures have declined since 2019



Summary



Education Events

Hosted Aquablation therapy education events with > 1,000 surgeon attendees



Lower learning curve with Aquablation is game changer

Curve



Predictable Outcomes

Resecting tissue provides surgeons with more predictable outcomes





BPH + PROSTATE CANCER CLINICAL UPDATE

Dr. Brian Helfand
Division of Urology, Northshore University Health System



Disclosures



Dr. Brian Helfand
Division of Urology,
Northshore University
Health System

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of PROCEPT BioRobotics or its subsidiaries. No official endorsement by PROCEPT BioRobotics or any of its subsidiaries of any vendor, products or services contained in this presentation is intended or should be inferred

An honorarium is provided by PROCEPT BioRobotics to the speakers for this presentation

PROCEPT BioRobotics - consulting
GoPath diagnostics - advisor
Blue earth diagnostics - advisor and investigator
Olympus investigator
NIH LURN investigator



Northshore Highland Hospital





Robots at Single Site

AquaBeam Users 390
Aquablation
Volume

Pioneers of Same Day Discharge



Before & After Aquablation Therapy

- Primarily focused on oncology
- Refer out most BPH patients

BEFORE

AFTER

- Standardized BPH treatment algorithm
- 130 annual Aquablation Procedures
- Acquired 2nd AquaBeam in 3Q23



HEMOSTASIS EVOLUTION

2014-2019 (<2,000 patients)

FIM, WATER, WATER II, OPEN WATER, & early commercialization

Various hemostasis protocols investigated¹

Electrocautery proved most effective and is now the standard



Introduction of Focal **Bladder Neck Cautery**

2,000 Patient Sample



<1% **Transfusion** Rate²



>20,000

Patient Sample

Yearly decline & sustained transfusion & takeback risk <1%3

10 Years of Research & Data from Thousands of Patients



DAY CASE AQUABLATION GAINING ADOPTION



37 of 40 (93%)
Patients Discharged
Same Day

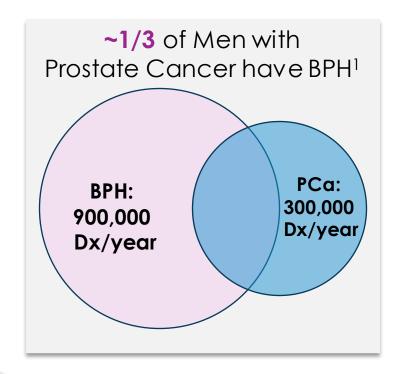
Prostates <150mL

Success with same day surgery.
Post-op day 3 void without catheter

- Organically developed during COVID due to lack of bed space
- New data being presented at AUA 2024
- >> Numerous surgeons in US, UK, and Canada have adopted



Aquablation Therapy for Prostate Cancer is a Natural Technology Evolution



- Prostate cancer & BPH effect similar populations
- >> Waterjet resection can be planned up to prostate capsule
- Aquablation resects tissue as opposed to in-situ ablation



Prostate Cancer Treatment Patient (PRCT002)



62yo Latino-American

- Family history of PCa
- Family history of BPH

Prostate Volume: 96ml

AUA-SI: 22, QoL: 5

Qmax: 10mL/sec

	PSA (ng/ml)	Stage	MRI	Positive Cores	Pathology
Diagnostic Bx 3/22 OSH	5.8	Tlc	Not done	3/12 Rt Apex	GG2
Confirmatory Bx 7/22	7.6	Tlc	PIRADS 5 1.1cc Rt Apex	3/15 Rt Apex	GG2Target only
Surveillance Bx 8/23	13.6	Tlc	PIRADS 5 1.5cc Rt Apex	4/15 Rt Apex	GG2Target + 1 random



Prostate Size Perspective

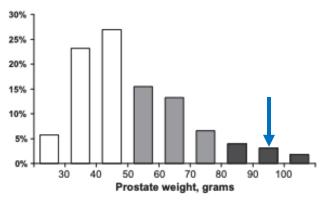


62yo Latino-American

- Family history of PCa
- Family history of BPH

- Prostate Volume: 96mL
- AUA-SI: 22, QoL: 5
- Qmax: 10mL/sec

- **50mL** is average prostate size for prostatectomy in New York City¹
- This specific **96mL** prostate is very large for prostate cancer case



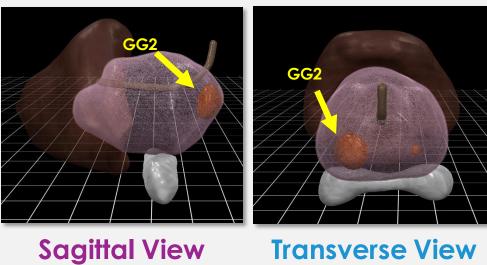
Prostate weight distribution extends to a maximum of 200 grams



Surgical Pre-Planning

Final Diagnosis

3D MRI



Right Left

AFS AFS

PZa TZa TZa PZa

TZp TZp PZpi

PZpm PZpm

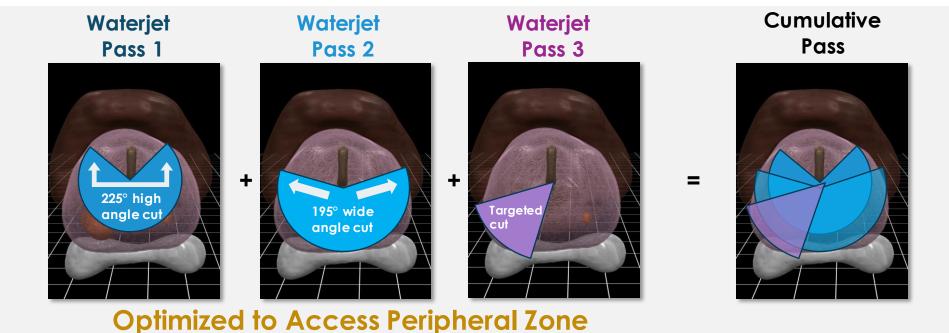
Prostate Apex

- Systematic biopsy
 - > Right apex (GG2)
- Targeted biopsy
 - Right apex lesion (GG2)
 - Left apex lesion (benign)



Surgical Pre-Planning

Treatment Plans





Actual Treatment: Pass #1

Transverse View

Sagittal View



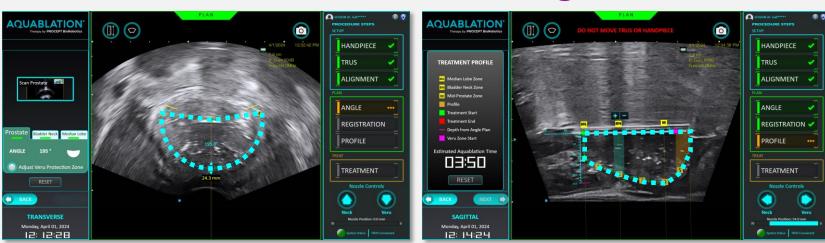
225° high angle cut



Actual Treatment: Pass #2

Transverse View

Sagittal View



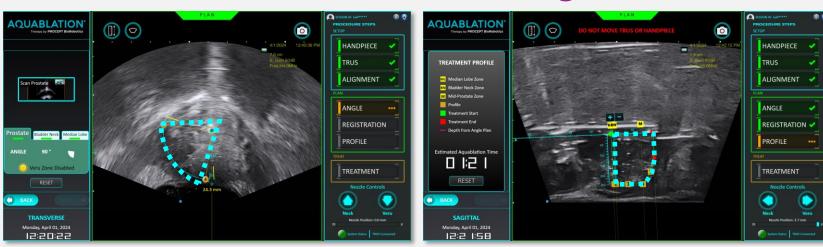
195° wide angle cut



Actual Treatment: Pass #3

Transverse View

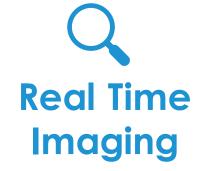
Sagittal View



Targeted cut



Initial Aquablation Impressions for Prostate Cancer



Surgical planning with ultrasound and 3D MRI reconstruction



Surgeon Confidence

Waterjet resection provides confidence to carry out comprehensive treatment plan



Post-op Recovery

Postop recovery similar to BPH treatment experience

- 1 Attractive to Patients when Consenting Given Surgical Attributes
- Resects Obstructive Tissue (BPH), Prostate Cancer Lesion(s), and Non-Obstructive Tissue that may Harbor Cancer



Active Surveillance & Focal Therapy

Both Aim to Delay or Avoid Radical Treatment and Its Respective Morbidities

	Strategy	Cost to Patient	Failure Rate
Active Surveillance (watch)	No immediate action. Regular testing & radical treatment if progression occurs	No treatment morbidity	50%-60% radical treatment within 10-15 years ¹
Focal Therapy (disrupt)	Disrupt natural course of disease by ablating known cancer up to half the prostate	4% incontinence ² 10-25% erectile dysfunction ²	~35% residual actionable GG≥2 disease after 1-2 years ³⁻⁹ (MRI Era Intermediate risk)

Following Focal Therapy, <u>35% of patients</u> Still Have Untreated Significant Disease

1. Hamdy et al NEJM 2023; 2. Weighted averages based on the totality of the ablation literature; reference available upon request; 3. Mortezavi et al J Urol 2019; 4. Abreu et al J Urol 2020; 5. Nahar et al J Urol 2020; 6. Ehadie et al 2022; 8. Wysock et al J Urol 2023; 8. Zhu et al E Urol Open 2023; 9. Dix on et al J Endo 2023

Data reported in each category is not head-to-head



Radical Therapy Leads to Substantial Morbidity

	Strategy	Cost to Patient	Failure Rate
Active Surveillance (watch)	No immediate action. Regular testing & radical treatment if progression occurs	No treatment morbidity	50%-60% radical treatment within 10-15 years ¹
Focal Therapy (disrupt)	Disrupt natural course of disease by ablating known cancer up to half the prostate	4% incontinence ² 10-25% erectile dysfunction ²	~35% residual actionable GG≥2 disease after 1-2 years ³⁻⁹ (MRI Era Intermediate risk)
Surgery & Radiation (radical)	Radical treatment prostatectomy or radiation therapy	Surgery:10 Incontinence 21%; ED: 81% Radiation:10 Incontinence: 4%; ED: 66%	Intermediate-risk disease Biochemical Failure ¹¹ Surgery: 15%(5yrs), 24%(10yrs) Radiation: 13%(5yrs), 21% 10yrs)

^{1.} Hamdy et al NEJM 2023; 2. Weighted averages based on the totality of the ablation literature; reference available upon request; 3. Mortezavi et al J Urol 2019; 4. Abreu et al J Urol 2020; 5. Nahar et al J Urol 2020; 6. Ehadie et al 2022; 8. Wysock et al J Urol 2023; 8. Zhu et al E Urol Open 2023; 9. Dixon et al J Endo 2023; 10 Donovan et al NEJM 2016; 11. Falagario et al Jama Net Open 2023





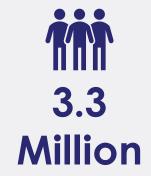
PROSTATE CANCER OVERVIEW

Barry Templin

EVP, Technology & Clinical Development



Prostate Cancer in U.S.



Men in the U.S. living with prostate cancer today¹



Prostate cancer is a serious disease, but most men diagnosed do **not** die from it²



Common treatment recommendation given low disease lethality and high risk of treatment morbidity

>2 million Men Living With Low to Intermediate Risk Disease

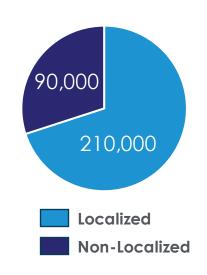


U.S. Prostate Cancer Market

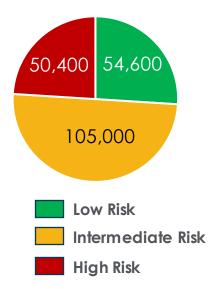
Annual Incidence¹



New Cases of Prostate Cancer Annually



Localized Diagnoses by Risk²





Localized Prostate Cancer Treatment Landscape

GG2 - GG3 GG4 - GG5 GG1 **Grade Group** LOW HIGH **Prognosis** INTERMEDIATE Spectrum **RISK** RISK **Active Surveillance** NCCN / AUA **Guidelines** Radiation + Surgery **Active Surveillance** Contemporary **Focal Therapies** Practice Radiation + Surgery Aquablation **Target**



Initial Prostate Cancer Research



PRCT001 Objective

Evaluate **safety** & **efficacy** of Aquablation therapy for patients with BPH & localized prostate cancer.



Step 1

Feasibility performed in **5 patients**

Key Inclusion IPSS ≥ 8 Grade Group 1-3 PIRADS 3-4 PSA < 20 ng/ml





Modified protocol to include

- up to 125 patients
- yup to 15 global sites



PRCT001 Design

Single Arm on-label study of BPH patients with...

- Localized prostate cancer
- Grade Group 1-3
- Candidates for Active Surveillance or Observation



Cancer Progression

- \longrightarrow MRI Visibility is cause for concern^{1,2,3}
- \rightarrow MRI progression is a cause for biopsy^{1,2,3}
- Grade group progression is usually a trigger for radical treatment⁴

	Active Surveillance (6-13m Bx)	
MRI Invisibility (PIRADS ≤ 2)	12% ¹	
Progression Metrics		
MRI Progression	30%1	
Grade Group Progression	32-46% ^{1,2}	



Aquablation Cancer Progression Data

- MRI Visibility is cause for concern^{1,2,3}
- MRI progression is a cause for biopsy^{1,2,3}
- Grade group progression is usually a trigger for radical treatment⁴

	Active Surveillance (6-13m Bx)	AQUABLATION® (n=5; 6m f/u)5	
MRI Invisibility (PIRADS ≤ 2)	12% ¹	100%	
Progression Metrics			
MRI Progression	30%1	0%	
Grade Group Progression	32-46% ^{1,2}	0%	Pr



FDA Prostate Cancer Research



PRCT002 Objective

Evaluate **safety** & **efficacy** of Aquablation therapy for localized prostate cancer.



PRCT002 Design

Single-arm FDA IDE Study

- Localized prostate cancer
- Grade Group 1-2





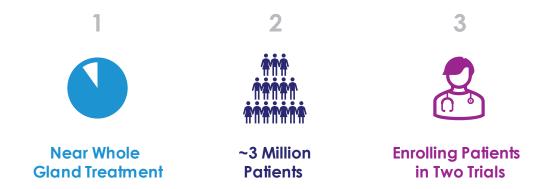
Treatment Strategy Categories

	Strategy	Cost to Patient	Failure Rate
Active Surveillance (watch)	No immediate action. Regular testing & radical treatment if progression occurs	No morbidity from active treatment	50%-60% radical treatment within 10-15 years ¹
Focal Therapy (disrupt)	Disrupt natural course of disease by ablating known cancer up to half the prostate	4% incontinence ² 10-25% erectile dysfunction ²	~35% residual actionable GG≥2 disease after 1-2 years ³⁻⁹ (MRI Era Intermediate risk)
AQUABLATION® (resect)	Near total resection of prostate, including all known disease	Early results (n=5): 0% incontinence 0% erectile dysfunction	Early results (n=5): 0% actionable disease 0% residual tumor on MRI
Surgery & Radiation (radical)	Radical treatment prostatectomy or radiation therapy	Surgery:10 Incontinence 21%; ED: 81% Radiation:10 Incontinence: 4%; ED: 66%	Intermediate-risk disease Biochemical Failure ¹¹ Surgery: 15%(5yrs), 24%(10yrs) Radiation: 13%(5yrs), 21%(10yrs)

^{1.} Hamdy et al NEJM 2023; 2. Weighted averages based on the totality of the ablation literature; reference available upon request; 3. Mortezavi et al J Urol 2019; 4. Abreu et al J Urol 2020; 5. Nahar et al J Urol 2020; 6. Ehadie et al 2022; 8. Wysock et al J Urol 2023; 8. Zhu et al E Urol Open 2023; 9. Dix on et al J Endo 2023; 10 Donovan et al NEJM 2016; 11. Falagario et al Jama Net Open 2023; Data reported in each category is not head-to-head



PCa Summary for Aquablation Therapy



GOALS

- >> Stop or delay progression of cancer in low & intermediate risk patients
- **Reduce rates of unnecessary morbidity** to low & intermediate risk patients
- Offer safe & effective treatment for prostate cancer





PROSTATE CANCER FIRESIDE CHAT

Dr. Inderbir Gill

Founding Executive Director for USC Urology. Chairman of Urological Cancer Surgery at Keck School of Medicine of USC



Disclosures



Dr. Inderbir Gill
Keck School of
Medicine of USC

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of PROCEPT BioRobotics or its subsidiaries. No official endorsement by PROCEPT BioRobotics or any of its subsidiaries of any vendor, products or services contained in this presentation is intended or should be inferred

Grants/research support: NIH R-01

Speakers/honoraria: None

Consulting: None

Cofounded: OneLine Health, Karkinos



Treatment Strategy Categories

	Strategy	Cost to Patient	Failure Rate
Active Surveillance (watch)	No immediate action. Regular testing & radical treatment if progression occurs	No morbidity from active treatment	50%-60% radical treatment within 10-15 years ¹
Focal Therapy (disrupt)	Disrupt natural course of disease by ablating known cancer up to half the prostate	4% incontinence ² 10-25% erectile dysfunction ²	~35% residual actionable GG≥2 disease after 1-2 years³-9 (MRI Era Intermediate risk)

Surgery & Radiation (radical)

Radical treatment prostatectomy or radiation therapy

Surgery:10

Incontinence 21%;

ED: 81%

Radiation:10

Incontinence: 4%;

ED: 66%

Intermediate-risk disease Biochemical Failure¹¹

Surgery: 15%(5yrs), 24%(10yrs) **Radiation:** 13%(5yrs), 21%(10yrs)

1. Hamdy et al NEJM 2023; 2. Weighted averages based on the totality of the ablation literature; reference available upon request; 3. Mortezavi et al J Urol 2019; 4. Abreu et al J Urol 2020; 5. Nahar et al J Urol 2020; 6. Ehadie et al 2022; 8. Wysock et al J Urol 2023; 8. Zhu et al E Urol Open 2023; 9. Dixon et al J Endo 2023; 10 Donovan et al NEJM 2016; 11. Falagario et al Jama Net Open 2023 Data reported in each category is not head-to-head

